Archontophoenix alexandrae

**English:** Alexandra palm.

Ecology: Native to [Queensland](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Queensland) and [New South Wales](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/New_South_Wales), [Australia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Australia), and naturalised in [Hawaii](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hawaii) and parts of [Florida](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Florida). In Uganda, it can grow in littoral rainforest, often in locations that are severely inundated during heavy rain events, such as the Bwindi Impenetrable forests.

**Uses:** Firewood, timber, ornament.

**Description: A** hardy, fast-growing native palm used as a potted ornamental plant or in the garden. Its lush green foliage features fronds with a silver under surface that catches the light, especially when the sun is low. BARK: grows with a single trunk to a dramatic height of 20 - 30 feet (6 - 10 meters). LEAVES: FLOWERS: Large creamy-white flowers appear as clusters growing directly off the trunk below the level of the palm fronds. These flower-clusters can themselves grow to approximately 3 feet (1 meter) diameter. FRUIT: The flower-clusters bear red berries.

**Propagation:** Seedlings. Keep the roots warm with layers of mulch and manure

**Management:** Fast growing

**Remarks:** The Alexandra palm is self-cleaning.